

1 ENGROSSED HOUSE
2 BILL NO. 3469

By: Nelson, Kern and Pittman of
the House

3 and

4 David of the Senate
5
6
7

8 An Act relating to children; creating the Quinten
9 Douglas Wood Act of 2014; amending 10A O.S. 2011,
Sections 1-2-105 and 1-4-201, which relate to the
10 Oklahoma Children's Code; directing Department
consider risks of child unable to communicate
11 effectively in investigations and assessments;
providing for removal if reasonable suspicion child
12 is unable to communicate effectively about abuse or
neglect; providing for noncodification; and providing
13 an effective date.
14

15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

16 SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be
17 codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:

18 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Quinten Douglas
19 Wood Act of 2014".

20 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. 2011, Section 1-2-105, is
21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 1-2-105. A. 1. Any county office of the Department of
23 Human Services receiving a child abuse or neglect report shall
24 promptly respond to the report by initiating an investigation of the

1 report or an assessment of the family in accordance with priority
2 guidelines established by the Department. The Department may
3 prioritize reports of alleged child abuse or neglect based on the
4 severity and immediacy of the alleged harm to the child. The
5 Department shall adopt a priority system pursuant to rules
6 promulgated by the ~~Commission for Human Services~~ Department. The
7 primary purpose of the investigation or assessment shall be the
8 protection of the child. For investigations or assessments, the
9 Department shall give special consideration to the risks of any
10 minor, including a child with a disability, who is unable to
11 communicate effectively about abuse, neglect or other safety threat
12 or who is in a vulnerable position due to the inability to
13 communicate effectively.

14 2. If an investigation or assessment conducted by the
15 Department in response to any report of child abuse or neglect shows
16 that the incident reported was the result of the reasonable exercise
17 of parental discipline involving the use of ordinary force,
18 including, but not limited to, spanking, switching, or paddling, the
19 investigation or assessment will proceed no further and all records
20 regarding the incident shall be expunged.

21 B. 1. The investigation or assessment shall include a visit to
22 the home of the child, unless there is reason to believe that there
23 is an extreme safety risk to the child or worker or it appears that
24 the referral has been made in bad faith. The visit shall include an

1 interview with and examination of the subject child and may be
2 conducted at any reasonable time and at any place including, but not
3 limited to, the child's school. The Department shall notify the
4 person responsible for the health, safety, and welfare of the child
5 that the child has been interviewed at a school. The investigation
6 or assessment may include an interview with the parents of the child
7 or any other person responsible for the health, safety, or welfare
8 of the child and an interview with and examination of any child in
9 the home.

10 2. The investigation or assessment may include a medical,
11 psychological, or psychiatric examination of any child in the home.
12 If admission to the home, school, or any place where the child may
13 be located cannot be obtained, then the district court having
14 jurisdiction, upon application by the district attorney and upon
15 cause shown, shall order the person responsible for the health,
16 safety, or welfare of the child, or the person in charge of any
17 place where the child may be located, to allow entrance for the
18 interview, the examination, and the investigation or assessment. If
19 the person responsible for the health, safety, or welfare of the
20 child does not consent to a medical, psychological, or psychiatric
21 examination of the child that is requested by the Department, the
22 district court having jurisdiction, upon application by the district
23 attorney and upon cause shown, shall order the examination to be
24 made at the times and places designated by the court.

1 3. The investigation or assessment may include an inquiry into
2 the possibility that the child or a person responsible for the
3 health, safety, or welfare of the child has a history of mental
4 illness. If the person responsible for the child's health, safety,
5 or welfare does not allow the Department to have access to
6 behavioral health records or treatment plans requested by the
7 Department, which may be relevant to the alleged abuse or neglect,
8 the district court having jurisdiction, upon application by the
9 district attorney and upon good cause shown, shall by order allow
10 the Department to have access to the records pursuant to terms and
11 conditions prescribed by the court.

12 4. a. If the court determines that the subject of the
13 behavioral health records is indigent, the court shall
14 appoint an attorney to represent that person at the
15 hearing to obtain behavioral health records.

16 b. A person responsible for the health, safety, or
17 welfare of the child is entitled to notice and a
18 hearing when the Department seeks a court order to
19 allow a psychological or psychiatric examination or
20 access to behavioral health records.

21 c. Access to behavioral health records does not
22 constitute a waiver of confidentiality.

23 5. The investigation of a report of sexual abuse or serious
24 physical abuse or both sexual abuse and serious physical abuse shall

1 be conducted, when appropriate and possible, using a
2 multidisciplinary team approach as provided by Section 1-9-102 of
3 this title. Law enforcement and the Department shall exchange
4 investigation information.

5 C. 1. Every physician, surgeon, or other health care provider
6 making a report of abuse or neglect as required by this section or
7 examining a child to determine the likelihood of abuse or neglect
8 and every hospital or related institution in which the child was
9 examined or treated shall provide copies of the results of the
10 examination or copies of the examination on which the report was
11 based and any other clinical notes, x-rays, photographs, and other
12 previous or current records relevant to the case to law enforcement
13 officers conducting a criminal investigation into the case and to
14 employees of the Department conducting an assessment or
15 investigation of alleged abuse or neglect in the case.

16 2. As necessary in the course of conducting an assessment or
17 investigation, the Department may request and obtain, without a
18 court order, copies of all prior medical records of a child
19 including, but not limited to, hospital records, medical, and dental
20 records. The physician-patient privilege shall not constitute
21 grounds for failure to produce such records.

22 D. If, before the assessment or investigation is complete, the
23 Department determines that immediate removal of the child is
24

1 necessary to protect the child from further abuse or neglect, the
2 Department shall recommend that the child be taken into custody.

3 E. The Department shall make a complete written report of the
4 investigation. The investigation report, together with its
5 recommendations, shall be submitted to the appropriate district
6 attorney's office. Reports of assessment recommendations shall be
7 submitted to appropriate district attorneys.

8 F. The Department, where appropriate and in its discretion,
9 shall identify prevention and intervention-related services
10 available in the community and refer the family to or arrange for
11 such services when an investigation or assessment indicates the
12 family would benefit from such services, or the Department may
13 provide such services directly. The Department shall document in
14 the record its attempts to provide, refer or arrange for the
15 provision of, voluntary services and shall determine within sixty
16 (60) days whether the family has accessed those services directly
17 related to safety of the child. If the family refuses voluntary
18 services or does not access those services directly related to
19 safety of the child, and it is determined by the Department that the
20 child's surroundings endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the
21 child, the Department may recommend that the child be placed in
22 protective or emergency custody or that a petition be filed.

23 G. If the Department has reason to believe that a person
24 responsible for the health, safety, and welfare of the child may

1 remove the child from the state before the investigation is
2 completed, the Department may request the district attorney to file
3 an application for a temporary restraining order in any district
4 court in the State of Oklahoma without regard to continuing
5 jurisdiction of the child. Upon cause shown, the court may enter a
6 temporary restraining order prohibiting the parent or other person
7 from removing the child from the state pending completion of the
8 assessment or investigation.

9 H. The Director of the Department or designee may request an
10 investigation be conducted by the Oklahoma State Bureau of
11 Investigation or other law enforcement agency in cases where it
12 reasonably believes that criminally injurious conduct including, but
13 not limited to, physical or sexual abuse of a child has occurred.

14 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. 2011, Section 1-4-201, is
15 amended to read as follows:

16 Section 1-4-201. A. Pursuant to the provisions of this
17 section, a child may be taken into custody prior to the filing of a
18 petition:

19 1. By a peace officer or employee of the court, without a court
20 order if the officer or employee has reasonable suspicion that:

- 21 a. the child is in need of immediate protection due to an
22 imminent safety threat, ~~or~~
23 b. the circumstances or surroundings of the child are
24 such that continuation in the child's home or in the

1 care or custody of the parent, legal guardian, or
2 custodian would present an imminent safety threat to
3 the child, or

4 c. the child, including a child with a disability, is
5 unable to communicate effectively about abuse, neglect
6 or other safety threat or is in a vulnerable position
7 due to the inability to communicate effectively and
8 the child is in need of immediate protection; or

9 2. By an order of the district court issued upon the
10 application of the office of the district attorney. The application
11 presented by the district attorney may be supported by a sworn
12 affidavit which may be based upon information and belief. The
13 application shall state facts sufficient to demonstrate to the court
14 that a continuation of the child in the home or with the caretaker
15 of the child is contrary to the child's welfare and there is
16 reasonable suspicion that:

17 a. the child is in need of immediate protection due to an
18 imminent safety threat, ~~or~~

19 b. the circumstances or surroundings of the child are
20 such that continuation in the child's home or in the
21 care or custody of the parent, legal guardian, or
22 custodian would present an imminent safety threat to
23 the child, or

1 c. the child, including a child with a disability, is
2 unable to communicate effectively about abuse, neglect
3 or other safety threat or is in a vulnerable position
4 due to the inability to communicate effectively.

5 The application and order may be verbal and upon being advised by
6 the district attorney or the court of the verbal order, law
7 enforcement shall act on such order. If verbal, the district
8 attorney shall submit a written application and proposed order to
9 the district court within one (1) judicial day from the issuance of
10 the verbal order. Upon approval, the application and order shall be
11 filed with the court clerk; or

12 3. By order of the district court when the child is in need of
13 medical or behavioral health treatment in order to protect the
14 health, safety, or welfare of the child and the parent, legal
15 guardian, or custodian of the child is unwilling or unavailable to
16 consent to such medical or behavioral health treatment or other
17 action, the court shall specifically include in the emergency order
18 authorization for such medical or behavioral health evaluation or
19 treatment as it deems necessary.

20 B. 1. By January 1, 2010, the Department in consultation with
21 law enforcement and the district courts shall develop and implement
22 a system for joint response when a child is taken into protective
23 custody by a peace officer pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection A
24 of this section. The system shall include:

- a. designation of persons to serve as contact points for peace officers, including at least one backup contact for each initial contact point,
- b. a protocol for conducting a safety evaluation at the scene where protective custody is assumed to determine whether the child faces an imminent safety threat and, if so, whether the child can be protected through placement with relatives or others without the Department assuming emergency custody,
- c. the development of reception centers for accepting protective custody of children from peace officers when the Department is unable to respond at the scene within a reasonable time period,
- d. a protocol for conducting a safety evaluation at the reception center within twenty-three (23) hours of the assumption of protective custody of a child to determine whether the child faces an imminent safety threat and, if so, whether the child can be protected through placement with relatives or others without the Department assuming emergency custody, and
- e. a protocol, when the child cannot safely be left in the home, for transporting a child to the home of a relative, kinship care home, an emergency foster care home, a shelter, or any other site at which the

1 Department believes the child can be protected,
2 provided that the Department shall utilize a shelter
3 only when the home of a relative, kinship care home,
4 or emergency foster care home is unavailable or
5 inappropriate.

6 2. Beginning January 1, 2010, no child taken into protective
7 custody under paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section shall be
8 considered to be in the emergency custody of the Department until
9 the Department has completed a safety evaluation and has concluded
10 that the child faces an imminent safety threat and the court has
11 issued an order for emergency custody.

12 3. If the safety evaluation performed by the Department of a
13 child taken into protective custody under paragraph 1 of subsection
14 A of this section indicates that the child does not face an imminent
15 safety threat, the Department shall restore the child to the custody
16 and control of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the
17 child.

18 ~~4. The Department shall report on the progress of the system to~~
19 ~~the Children's Services Oversight Committee established in Section~~
20 ~~22 of this act by March 1, 2010.~~

21 C. When an order issued by the district court pursuant to
22 subsection A of this section places the child in the emergency
23 custody of the Department of Human Services pending further hearing
24 specified by Section 1-4-203 of this title, an employee of the

1 Department may execute such order and physically take the child into
2 custody in the following limited circumstance:

3 1. The child is located in a hospital, school, or day care
4 facility; and

5 2. It is believed that assumption of the custody of the child
6 from the facility can occur without risk to the child or the
7 employee of the Department.

8 Otherwise, the order shall be executed and the child taken into
9 custody by a peace officer or employee of the court.

10 D. The court shall not enter a prepetition emergency custody
11 order removing a child from the home of the child unless the court
12 makes a determination:

13 1. That an imminent safety threat exists and continuation in
14 the home of the child is contrary to the welfare of the child; and

15 2. Whether reasonable efforts have been made to prevent the
16 removal of the child from the child's home; or

17 3. An absence of efforts to prevent the removal of the child
18 from the home of the child is reasonable because the removal is due
19 to an emergency and is for the purpose of providing for the safety
20 and welfare of the child.

21 E. Whenever a child is taken into custody pursuant to this
22 section:

23 1. The child may be taken to a kinship care home or an
24 emergency foster care home designated by the Department, or if no

1 such home is available, to a children's shelter located within the
2 county where protective or emergency custody is assumed or, if there
3 is no children's shelter within the county, to a children's shelter
4 designated by the court;

5 2. Unless otherwise provided by administrative order entered
6 pursuant to subsection F of this section, the child may be taken
7 before a judge of the district court or the court may be contacted
8 verbally for the purpose of obtaining an order for emergency
9 custody. The court may place the child in the emergency custody of
10 the Department or some other suitable person or entity pending
11 further hearing specified by Section 1-4-203 of this title;

12 3. The child may be taken directly to or retained in a health
13 care facility for medical treatment, when the child is in need of
14 emergency medical treatment to maintain the child's health, or as
15 otherwise directed by the court; or

16 4. The child may be taken directly to or retained in a
17 behavioral health treatment facility for evaluation or inpatient
18 treatment, in accordance with the provisions of the Inpatient Mental
19 Health and Substance Abuse Treatment of Minors Act, when the child
20 is in need of behavioral health care to preserve the child's health,
21 or as otherwise directed by the court; and

22 5. Unless otherwise provided by administrative order entered
23 pursuant to subsection F of this section, the district court of the
24 county where the custody is assumed shall be immediately notified,

1 verbally or in writing, that the child has been taken into custody.
2 If notification is verbal, written notification shall be sent to the
3 district court within one (1) judicial day of such verbal
4 notification.

5 F. The court may provide, in an administrative order issued
6 pursuant to this section, for the disposition of children taken into
7 custody and notification of the assumption of such custody.

8 1. Such order or rule shall be consistent with the provisions
9 of subsection E of this section and may include a process for
10 release of a child prior to an emergency custody hearing. The
11 administrative order shall not include a provision to modify
12 protective custody of a child to emergency custody of the Department
13 upon admission of a child to a shelter; and

14 2. The administrative order may require joint training of peace
15 officers and Department staff deemed necessary by the court to carry
16 out the provisions of the administrative order.

17 G. No child taken into custody pursuant to this section shall
18 be confined in any jail, adult lockup, or adult or juvenile
19 detention facility.

20 H. When a determination is made by the Department that there is
21 a significant risk of abuse or neglect, but there is not an imminent
22 safety threat to the child, the Department may recommend a court-
23 supervised and Department-monitored in-home placement. The
24 Department shall assist the family in obtaining the services

1 necessary to maintain the in-home care and correct the conditions
2 leading to the risk determination.

3 I. Any peace officer, employee of the court, or employee of the
4 Department is authorized to transport a child when acting pursuant
5 to this section. Such persons and any other person acting under the
6 direction of the court, who in good faith transports any child or
7 carries out duties pursuant to this section, shall be immune from
8 civil or criminal liability that may result by reason of such act.
9 For purposes of any proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith
10 of any such person shall be presumed. This provision shall not
11 apply to damage or injury caused by the willful, wanton or gross
12 negligence or misconduct of a person.

13 J. A parent or person responsible for the child who is arrested
14 on a charge or warrant other than child abuse or neglect or an act
15 of child endangerment may designate another person to take physical
16 custody of the child. Upon this request, the peace officer may
17 release the child to the physical custody of the designated person.

18 SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2014.
19
20
21
22
23
24

1 Passed the House of Representatives the 5th day of March, 2014.

2
3 _____
4 Presiding Officer of the House
5 of Representatives

6 Passed the Senate the ____ day of _____, 2014.

7
8 _____
9 Presiding Officer of the Senate